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"Right is More Precious than Peace"

THE SUCCESS OF THE LOAN.
Everyone at the present time is thinking about, or at least should be, the coming Liberty loan. It is right in front of us. It means a fight for those right here at home. It is for twice the sum that was asked for in any of the previous loans and that means that the allotments of the cities are practically doubled. That was to be expected and that simply calls for the doubling of the energies which must be put forward to meet the situation.

We cannot win without making sacrifices and all the sacrifices cannot be expected of those who are giving up their lives. The country has been flourishing. Its faith and determination are stronger than ever. It is therefore necessary that we put forth every means to reach the goal which has been fixed and which has not been established without due regard for the task that is ahead.

From the time this country entered the war it has been fighting for the quickest possible ending of the war which can be obtained through victory. That aim is still before the nation. It must meet every requirement and there is no reason to believe but what it will. But in connection therewith there is the need on the part of every individual to realize his responsibility. The raising of this loan is not a duty for the other fellow alone, it is the obligation of each and every one and it makes no difference how little the help is which you can give. It is important that it should be given, as has been frequently said, to the point where it hurts and by doing it promptly.

The very fact that the money is needed means that it must be raised and it will be when everyone responds as he should.

FORCING THE ISSUE IN BULGARIA

Indications to the effect that Bulgaria is showing signs of breaking under the strain to end the war. There can be no question but what they have already been dealt a serious body blow by the manner in which they have been driven out of the important defense positions in southern Serbia and away from the important railroad and the highways in that country where they are all too few, by the disorganization which is being effected by the breaking up of their armies regardless of the assistance which Germany sent and by the desertions from the ranks which are being experienced.

Bulgaria has lost seriously under the masterly stroke which has been delivered against it by the forces under General Ezerky, and it came at a time which it is possible to add fuel to the fire of discontent which is known to have prevailed in that country for a long time and to encourage the desire for a withdrawal from the war. With sufficient forces favorably located and gaining strategic points each day, with the Greek army fully equipped and being increased constantly, the menace to Bulgaria and to the railroad line running to Constantinople, the severance of which would stop main line communication with Turkey, it is not surprising that the Balkan country is showing signs of distress. That, however, cannot be allowed to cause any let up in the pressure but rather does it call for the putting forward of increased energy. The greater the pressure now the easier it will be for Bulgaria to make the big decision.

GROSS NEGLIGENCE.

As the result of the evidence presented to it, the coroner's jury sitting in the case of the recent fire in the button factory in Newark where a number of lives were lost has declared that gross negligence on the part of the officials of the company was the cause of the loss of life. The finding is in accordance with what was indicated by the circumstances surrounding the fire. It can hardly be expected that a concern can continue to disregard the orders which are given it for the protection of the lives of its employees in case of fire without something of the kind happening sooner or later. In this instance it appears that the orders of the department of labor directing the company to construct fire retarding stairways and stairways were not complied with, that there had been no fire

drill for at least a year and that no instructions or directions had been given to the employees of what to do in event of fire.

There is thus little cause for surprise that the girls who were employed on the fourth floor should have been trapped and burned to death. It was to a certain extent invited by the very course which the officials pursued. What will be the outcome of the verdict cannot be told, but it is not improbable that there are other manufacturing establishments in that and other cities which are being conducted under the very same conditions. There were plenty of examples before this one to cause that concern to do its utmost to protect its employees even as it had been ordered and the question arises whether there was not some negligence on the part of the authorities who ordered the protective measures in not seeing that the orders were carried out.

KEEPING ENEMY GUESSING.

How thoroughly General Foch has the enemy guessing has been demonstrated on numerous occasions of late by the way in which he has rolled back to the Hindenburg line, by the quick capture of the St. Mihiel salient and by the disasters which have been inflicted upon the Bulgarian and Turkish forces, both with German backing, in Macedonia and Palestine.

But it is evident that he is giving them no relief from the uncertainty that goes with the lack of knowledge as to where he is going to strike next. He has so organized his forces and so timed his blows that he is able to attain his objectives whenever he gives the command to go forward and it is not improbable that still greater changes will result from the continuation of his methods.

A German military expert put forward the advice that it could be expected that there would be a drive against St. Quentin for the capture of that stronghold either by an attack in force in Flanders or in the immediate neighborhood of the city. The pressure has been continued against that portion of the line with compensatory gains each day, but now the new blow, which the enemy had reason to expect would come soon, has been delivered in the Champagne region, where it is evident that the intentions are not only to strengthen the position in the Champagne region but to outflank the positions of the Tenthons from Cambrai south. A blow at this point is open to big accomplishments, and with Austria fearing another attack by the Italians it is quite evident that the Germans are being forced to utilize all their available reserves if they are going to avoid the abandonment of another large slice of French territory. The enemy is being pushed as never before and there can be little wonder that the people of Germany are accepting it with fear and trembling.

NEED FOR TEACHERS.

There is little need in these days to refer to the importance of good schools. That is something which is generally understood and indelible upon the minds of the people. But it cannot fail to be realized that the schools are today suffering much as many lines of business because of the large number of teachers who are leaving the field for military service, for employment in industries, commerce, civil service and clerical positions where the wages to be obtained because of the war conditions are much more attractive than those secured in the school room. And then the teachers who remain are the best qualified teachers they cease to be what they should be unless there are others who can be obtained to take their places.

It is impossible to tell how much longer the situation of high wages in industries and other lines of work will be held out to the teachers, or how many of them will be willing to change for better pay to jobs which may be only short lived, but there can be no doubt but what the situation is such that the need for teachers is a wise and needed piece when he urges boys and girls to enter normal schools this year and prepare for teaching. It is more than probable that many who have left will never return to teaching. The schools need the best that can be had and it is important that this need should be filled instead of being forced to take untrained teachers in order to keep the schools going.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It is about time for those who like to begin to talk about the coming of Indian summer.

It isn't necessary to consult the calendar to reach the conclusion that the good old summer time is a thing of the past.

When it comes to doing the turkey trot the Bulgarian appears to be just as efficient under proper prodding as do the Turks.

Next to the opening of school the great regret of the small boy at this season is that the barefoot period is being forced to a close.

It is better to take the necessary care in connection with the too prevalent grip and be safe, than it is to neglect it and be sorry.

Those concerns which are announcing great big profits must realize that they have got to have a reckoning with the excess profits tax.

General Foch is causing disorganization in the ranks of the enemy much faster than the Kaiser's generals can bring about a reorganization.

According to General March's latest statement it is not going to be so very long now before there will be 2,000,000 United States troops in Europe.

TIME TO DRAW THE LINE

"Anyhow," Loretta laughed as she came back from the telephone, "we were brought up differently, even if we do it now all the time." "What have you been up to now?" her brother asked severely. "I sincerely trust you haven't been telling fibs or anything?"

"It was alluding to substitutes," Loretta said, still smiling. "For years we have been warned to 'take no substitutes' and all the advertisements have had a warning in italics to 'take no substitutes' because they were imitating their brands and would foist cheap imitations on you if you weren't careful to avoid substitutes. Why, one of our past jokes was about the good old-fashioned druggist who was just out of that, but had something just as good. The druggist nowadays look you right in the eye when they say that, because there's a war on at present."

"The war comes in mighty handy," Loretta said, "but I don't like to see it used to get the old soap you used to have in the laundry, you can't have the kind you washed your hands with, you can't get the good snappers, to fasten your trousers, because they were made in Germany, or else the price of the ingredients has risen too high for one's pocket book. It is the day of the substitute, that's all, and you can't say a word."

"Talking doesn't help," her brother agreed. "It's just nothing and not worth the time it takes to get it out of your mouth. It is good to hear words."

"We went down to buy a linen tablecloth," Loretta explained. "But you mustn't even notice it, because it cost twice as much as a linen one used to and we are glad enough to get it."

"Let's get a marble top table," her brother suggested. "It would be so cool looking and so patriotic, and it would also be in the service of the soldiers in the trenches."

"I'm used to most of the flour sub-

CLEANED FROM FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Under the combined shock of events on the western front and of the discovery that Germany is not prepared for a final defeat in the field, the Reichsbote, the Kaiser's favorite newspaper, is provoked to the following editorial outburst:

German people, full of envy must look upon the mortal foe, who are being urged on to victory by strong will, and who are in the service of the Kaiser, as traitors and traitors to the cause of the German people.

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"Gets-It," a Liberty Bottle for Corns!

There's Only One Genuine "Corn-Peeler"—That's "Gets-It." Ever peel a banana? That's the way "Gets-It" peels off corns. It's the only corn treatment that will "Gets-It" is a guarantee that you won't be hurt.



No More Excuse for Corns or Corn-Pain Now!

Finally have to gouge, pick, jerk or cut out your corns. If you want the pleasure of getting rid of a corn, be sure to get "Gets-It." It is its wonderful formula that has made "Gets-It" the corn marvel that it is. It is won by more millions than any other corn treatment on earth. A few drops on any corn or callous, that's all. It can't hurt. It is painless, gentle, and you can keep your "corns" feet around. It is in eight minutes. You can't even notice it. You can go ahead and work, dance, live, love and laugh all the while.

"Gets-It" is the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way to get rid of corns. It is sold by all drug stores. Manufactured by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

not continue to raise 30,000 pounds per annum. Lord Cobham's opinion was supported by several speakers, and it was resolved to raise the 30,000 pounds required by rate and voluntary means.

Mr. Kellaway, parliamentary secretary to the ministry of munitions, opening a new campaign for war work at the King George dock, Hull, said that there were in this country a certain number of men in high and low places, very vocal and not without influence, who were crying out for a peace in Turkey. They believed that this war should be ended, not by force of arms, but by force of phrases. They asked us to forget all Germany's crimes and to proceed to negotiate with the authors of them as if they were fit to enter on an equality into the society of nations. We could never do that. We could never do that.

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AUDITORIUM
TODAY
TOMORROW AND SATURDAY
THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE
"The Play That Set All America Talking"
Special Bargain Matinee Today
ALL SEATS 25c
A Show You Can't Afford to Miss
NOT A MOVING PICTURE
EVENING PRICES: 25, 50, 75c
FEW AT \$1.00

BREED
THEATRE
TODAY AND SATURDAY
TWO BIG FEATURES
CONSTANCE
TALMADGE
—IN—
THE LESSON
CARMEL MYERS
—IN—
THE GIRL IN THE DARK
HEARST-PATHE NEWS

BOB-O-T
PRESENTING
Big Musical Shows
AT THE
AUDITORIUM
THEATRE, NORWICH
WEEK STARTING MONDAY,
SEPTEMBER 30th
OPENING PLAY MONDAY
"ASK DAD, HE KNOWS"
CHANGE OF PLAYS DAILY
THE GREATEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS
IN YEARS
PRICES Matinees 15c and 25c
Evenings 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c
GET SEATS NOW

SELECT AND SAVE
SEED CORN NOW
Reports from northern states indicate that the corn crop will be very poor and practically no seed can be saved in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and northern New York. Since these sections grow corn similar to our own there will undoubtedly be a considerable demand for seed corn next year from these states. This demand may not reach the proportions it did last spring, when Connecticut was the only state in the north to help relieve the situation in Wisconsin and North Dakota. Nevertheless it will pay the farmers to select seed corn from their own use from the fields of standing corn, by passing through with a sack or basket slung over the shoulder and picking the best ears to be husked. Only well formed ears from vigorous well rooted stalks should be selected.

The corn should be stored during the winter in a dry place where there is likely to be no great variations of temperature and where it will be free from the attacks of birds and rodents. Of course the seed corn should be well cured by hanging it in some such suitable place as the attic or roof of the corn house or even in the kitchen. Stick the ears on nails driven through a piece of board or hung up on a string or braid the few remaining husks for suspending, but do not hang the ears too close together. Corn can best be done where there is free circulation of air, heat, without direct sunlight and an even temperature. Corn that is too green and must not be over-heated nor exposed to zero weather.

In some sections farmers are being urged to save twice as many ears as will be needed for planting and in general this is pretty sound advice. In Wisconsin fifteen medium sized ears are allowed in connection with each bushel of seed corn. A light frost will not injure corn that is fairly mature and in general the risk from frost is less than the risk from immature seed. The simple precaution will in general insure seed corn that will grow. Anyone desiring more detailed

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Information in this connection should call on their county agent at the farm bureau office.
John H. Fay, Middlesex County Farm Bureau.

A pure white mineral wood is being manufactured at Yarraville, a suburb of Melbourne, from basal rock or "blue stone."

MEN FEEL TI